

# KodeMed

## DevOps & Server Administration Guide

For Hospital IT Administrators, DevOps Engineers & System  
Operators

Version 2026.5.15.59502 | KodeMed AG

# Architecture Overview

Four server-side services + Windows desktop client

Service	Port	Technology	Role
KodeMed Server	8080	Spring Boot 3.4	REST API, WebSocket, sessions, audit
KodeMed DataServer	8081	Spring Boot 3.4	ICD-10, CHOP, ATC, SwissDRG catalogs
KodeMed GrouperServer	8082	Spring Boot 3.4	SwissDRG, TARPSY, ST Reha grouping
KodeMed CodingUI	3000	React / nginx	Web frontend

Database: PostgreSQL 16 (shared by Server + DataServer). Authentication: OAuth2 / OpenID Connect.

# Deployment Options

Three deployment models for every infrastructure

## Docker Compose

Recommended for single-server

- All services in one docker-compose.yml
- PostgreSQL included as container
- Simplest setup and maintenance
- Best for: demo, small-medium hospitals

## Linux Native (systemd)

For no-container policies

- JARs run as systemd services
- External PostgreSQL required
- Multi-instance support on same host
- Best for: strict infrastructure policies

## Kubernetes / OpenShift

Enterprise, scalable

- Helm chart with all services
- Horizontal pod autoscaling
- Pod disruption budgets, rolling updates
- Best for: large hospitals, multi-site

# Docker Compose — Setup

Step-by-step installation on a single server

## Installation Steps

- 1. Create directory: `mkdir -p /opt/kodemed`
- 2. Copy `docker-compose.yml`, `.env`, `runtime-config.js`
- 3. Edit `.env`: database, OIDC, CORS, encryption keys
- 4. Edit `runtime-config.js`: API URLs for your domain
- 5. `docker login harbor.mieresit.com`
- 6. `docker compose pull` && `docker compose up -d`

## Key Environment Variables

- `POSTGRES_PASSWORD` — database password
- `OIDC_ISSUER_URI` — SSO provider URL
- `CORS_ALLOWED_ORIGINS` — your public domains
- `KODEMED_ENCRYPTION_KEY` — data encryption (GDPR)
- `KODEMED_VERSION` — image tag from KodeMed AG

# Linux Native — Installation

Automated installer for Ubuntu / Debian

## Interactive Installer

- `tar -xzf kodemed-linux-<version>.tar.gz`
- `sudo bash install-kodemed.sh`
- Select components (Server, DataServer, Grouper, UI)
- Configure ports, database, OIDC
- systemd services created automatically

## Directory Layout

- `/opt/kodemed/` — installation (JARs, UI)
- `/etc/kodemed/` — configuration files
- `/var/log/kodemed/` — application logs
- `/var/lib/kodemed/` — data (imports)

## Service Management

- `systemctl start|stop|restart kodemed-server`
- `systemctl status kodemed-server`
- `journalctl -u kodemed-server -f`

# Reverse Proxy Configuration

HTTPS termination and WebSocket support

## Apache (mod\_proxy)

- Enable: mod\_proxy, mod\_proxy\_http, mod\_proxy\_wstunnel, mod\_ssl
- ProxyPass /ws/ ws://localhost:8080/ws/ (WebSocket FIRST)
- ProxyPass / http://localhost:8080/ (HTTP after)
- One VirtualHost per service subdomain

## nginx

- proxy\_http\_version 1.1 for WebSocket
- proxy\_set\_header Upgrade \$http\_upgrade
- proxy\_set\_header Connection "upgrade"
- One server block per service subdomain

**WebSocket support is mandatory — the CodingClient and UI communicate via /ws/ on the Server.**

# SSO / OIDC Configuration

OpenID Connect for authentication

## Keycloak (Recommended)

- Pre-configured Keycloak stack provided
- Caddy for automatic HTTPS (Let's Encrypt)
- Daily database backups (30-day retention)
- Brute force protection: 5 max failures

## Required OIDC Clients

- kodemed-ui — public client, PKCE flow
- kodemed-server — confidential, service account
- Roles: admin, coder, approver, viewer

## Alternative Providers

- Azure AD, Okta, Auth0 also supported
- Set `OIDC_ISSUER_URI` + `OIDC_JWK_URI` in `.env`
- Token must include `sub` + `roles/groups` claims

# Updating KodeMed

Upgrade procedures for each deployment model

## Docker Compose Update

- `docker compose pull`
- `docker compose up -d`
- `curl localhost:8080/actuator/health`
- Rollback: set previous version in `.env`

## Linux Native Update

- Stop services: `systemctl stop kodemed-*`
- Backup: `cp -r /opt/kodemed /opt/kodemed.backup`
- Extract new version + `sudo bash install-kodemed.sh --upgrade`
- Start services and verify health

## Kubernetes / OpenShift Update

- Update `imageTag` in `values.yaml`
- `helm upgrade kodemed charts/kodemed/ -f values.yaml`
- `kubectrl rollout status deployment/kodemed-server`
- Rollback: `helm rollback kodemed 1`

# Health Checks & Backup

Monitoring endpoints and data protection

## Health Endpoints

Service	Endpoint	Expected
Server	/actuator/health	{"status":"UP"}
DataServer	/actuator/health	{"status":"UP"}
GrouperServer	/actuator/health	{"status":"UP"}
CodingUI	/	HTTP 200

## Database Backup

- PostgreSQL is the only stateful component
- `pg_dump -U kodemed kodemed | gzip > backup.sql.gz`
- Schedule daily backups (cron or pg-backup container)
- Test restore procedure regularly

# Client Deployment & Troubleshooting

Windows client and common issues

## Windows Client (MSI)

- MSI for GPO / SCCM / Intune / Citrix
- `msiexec /i KodeMed.msi /quiet SERVERURL="https://..."`
- No admin rights for standard installer
- Auto-start, language, custom directory options

## Common Issues

- Service won't start: check logs + DB connectivity
- OIDC error: verify issuer URL is reachable
- WebSocket fails: check reverse proxy config
- Port conflict: `ss -tlnp | grep 8080`

# KodeMed

## Support & Contact

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